Form 10-300 (July 1969)

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## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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1121	STATE:	
<b>V</b> \	North Carolina	
	COUNTY:	
	Lincoln County	
	FOR NPS USE ONLY	Υ
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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES				Lincoln County				
INVENTO		FOR NPS USE ONLY						
		ENTRY NUMBER	DATE	$\dashv$				
(Type all entries	s – complete a	pplicable sections)		OCT 18 1972		$\neg$		
I. NAME			· · · · · ·					
COMMON:								
Tucker's Grove Ca	amp Meeting	Ground				_		
AND/OR HISTORIC:								
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2. LOCATION		7. s. N. B C. s.	V Sine					
STREET AND NUMBER: /// A	· )\	Y 25						
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STATE STATE	( 11-2-022		NTY:		COD	<u>-</u>		
North Carolina			incoln_		10			
3. CLASSIFICATION					1 1 2			
CATEGORY		OWNERSHIP		STATUS	ACCESSIBLE			
(Check One)		OWNERSHIP		STATUS	TO THE PUBL	IC		
District Building	☐ Public	Public Acquisition:		□X Occupied	Yes:		i	
☒ Site ☐ Structure	☑ Private	☐ In Process		Unoccupied	Restricted		ļ	
Object	☐ Both	☐ Being Cons	idered	Preservation work		d		
				in progress	□ No		l	
PRESENT USE (Check One or I	More as Appropriat	e)		<del> </del>	· <del>  · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</del>		ĺ	
Agricultural G	overnment	☐ Park		Transportation	Comments			
Commercial Ir	ndustrial	Private Residence		Other (Specify)				
☐ Educational ☐ M	ilitary	🗓 Religious			-	_	İ	
☐ Entertainment ☐ M	useum	Scientific						
4. OWNER OF PROPERTY								
OWNER'S NAME:	Atomorphis and the second and the se					R	L S	
Western North Car	olina Unite	ed Methodist Chu	urch c/	o Bishop E. G	. Hunt, Jr	North	∃	
STREET AND NUMBER:						Þ		
310 Cole Building	g, 207 Hawth	norne Lane		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Ca		
CITY OR TOWN:			STATE:		CODE	Carolin		
Charlotte			North	<u>Carolina</u>	1_37	F		
5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESC						<u>a</u> _	_	
Lincoln County Co						Н	000	
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CITY OR TOWN:			STATE		CODE	rL L		
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6. REPRESENTATION IN EXIS	TING SURVEYS							
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DEPOSITORYLADOR SURVEY RE	ECDRDS:					∞ 	M N	
STORET AND NUMBER:	<del>                                     </del>					972	ER	
NATIONA	H					9 48		
CITY OF TOWNEGIST	<del>`</del>		STATE:		CODE			
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	DESCRIPTION							
CONDITION		(Check One)						
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	CONDITION	(Check One)			(Check One)			
		[ Alte	red	Unaltered	1	☐ Move	d 🔼	Original Site
- 1								

ESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (if known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Tucker's Grove Camp Meeting Ground is a meeting complex located in an oak grove near a spring. It consists of a central structure called an "arbor," set in a large oak grove. Surrounding the arbor are frame structures called "tents" which form an almost continuous enclosure, roughly square in form, with alleys at the corners and in the centers of some rows.

The arbor is an open rectangular shelter with a deep pyramidal roof supported by an open truss system of pegged rafters and covered with three tiers of standing-seam tin. The roof is elevated on unhewed tree trunks, with a rough brace extending from each post to the roof. The pulpit platform is centered beneath the arbor at the north end. At the front of the platform is a long wooden bench known as the mourner's bench, "seeker's bench" or "anxious seat." It extends the length of the platform base and from the center of the back rises the pulpit. Three short rows of choir seating occupy the rear half of the platform, and three sections of pews, separated by two aisles, occupy the south half of the arbor. The pews consists of wide plank seats supported at either end by a continuous beam which rests on the hard clay straw-covered ground. The backs are formed by narrow planks supported by vertical braces attached to the ground beams.

The tents are built in one complete square and a second partial concen-The west and part of the south sides represent the oldest and densest areas of tent emplacement. These tents share party walls, while the other sides are lined with independently standing tents spaced more widely apart. The east side tents burned recently, and newly constructed ones are beginning to fill in this flank. Each tent is a frame structure owned by an individual family and used only once a year. As the name indicates, the tent evolved from the original makeshift tents of cloth, pine bark, and other materials which were used during the early campgoing period by the settlers who gathered in the forests in the late eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries to attend the protracted services. As the temporary tent evolved into a permanent building, the form became standardized. Each tent at Tucker's Grove, constructed by an individual family, exhibits minor vari-The typical tent is a one-story frame structure with a gable roof. ations. It usually has a flush-sheathed facade and weatherboarded sides and rear, with large gaps often left in the siding of the lower walls and beneath the eaves for ventilation. A shed porch, formed either by the extended eaves of the standing-seam tin roof or existing independently, is supported by plain brackets or by unhewed tree trunks or rough posts. The front entrance is usually unprotected but is occasionally sheltered by a vertically sheathed door, and a plank bench is bracketed out from the wall. The typical tent has a shed room attached to the rear which is covered by an extension of the main roof or by a separate roof.

The interior of the typical tent is treated crudely, with unfinished walls and a dirt floor. Few have garrets, for in most the gable roof is left open. The front room contains a low wooden platform, often with an upper platform as well, which serves as bases for sleeping pallets. An opening in the rear wall of the main cabin leads into the shed addition. Straw or sawdust covers

the Chardened clay floors.

PERIOD (Check One or More as	Appropriate)		
Pre-Columbian	16th Century	18th Century	20th Century
☐ 15th Century	☐ 17th Century	🗓 19th Century	
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicat	le and Known)		
DAREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Ch	eck One or More as Appropr	iate)	
Abor iginal	Education	Political	Urban Planning
☐ Prehistoric	Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specify)
Historic Agriculture Architecture	Industry	losophy	
Agriculture	Invention	Science	
Architecture Art Commerce	Landscape	Sculpture	
The Art	Architecture	Social/Human-	
Commerce	Literature	itarian	
Communications	Military	Theater	
☐ Conservation	─ Music	Transportation	

The religious fervor which attended the camp meeting movement that played a significant cultural role during the late eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries in western North Carolina was by no means limited to the white settlers. Bishop Francis Asbury, the Methodist missionary who preached and ministered to frontier Methodist congregations throughout North Carolina from 1780 to 1816, was concerned about the religious welfare and the general education of the Africans whom he encountered. An 1809 entry in his journal lamented the educational deprivation of the blacks. "Who will take the pains to lead them into the way of salvation, and watch over them that they may not stray, but the Methodists?" he wrote. He lamented that their masters refused to grant them freedom to attend Methodist religious services. Tucker's Grove Camp Meeting Ground, founded in the first half of the nineteenth century by the Methodist Episcopal Church, is an early fruit of this Methodist crusade to reach the slave population. The camp meeting was continued after the abolition of slavery and has been operating continuously since 1876 as an A. M. E. Zion camp meeting site under the direction of a board of trustees. The oak grove within which the camp meeting complex is located was donated to the trustees by Mary E. Tucker in 1879.

Tucker's Grove Camp Ground, although smaller than its counterparts, is nearly identical in both general plan and structural type to nearby Rock Springs Camp Ground in Lincoln County and to the other religious camp meeting complexes in western North Carolina. Each, however, has evolved independently through an adaptation of regional vernacular building types to fulfill the minimal needs of shelter and assembly.

The communal plan of the complex, with individual shelters enclosing a common space containing a sacred core, has been basic to man's social instincts throughout human evolution. The plan recalls in America, not only Indian camps, for even in the late nine teenth century wigwam pole frameworks with cloth coverings were utilized at religious camp meetings, but also the circular formation of wagon train encampments, fulfilling the needs for both safety and fellowship. The deep roof of the Tucker's Grove arbor symbolizes a protective umbrella held over the congregation assembled in the grove.

Religious camp meetings play a very significant role in the history of Lincoln County, for an open air religious gathering in Lincoln County in 1794 was perhaps one of the earliest manifestations of the Revival movement which swept the South and Midwest in the first half of the nineteenth century. Tucker's Grove Camp Ground is probably the oldest continuously operating black campground in the state.

9.	MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES								
Carroll, Grady L. E. Francis Asbury in North Carolina. Nashville, Tennessee									
	The Parthenon Press, no date.								
	Graber, Paul Neff. The Romance of Am Piedmont Press, 1931.	eri	can Methodism. Greensboro: The	э					
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	Johnson, Guion Griffis, "The Camp Mee The North Carolina Historical Re	ULI.	w Wol v Mo 2 Amail 4022	, ''					
	Lincoln County Records Tincoln County	ν <u>τ</u> (	W, VOI. A, NO. 2, APTIL, 1933.	7 .					
	Lincoln County Records, Lincoln County Courthouse, Lincolnton, North Carolina Office of the Register of Deeds. (Subgroup: Deeds).								
	Lincoln County Records, State Departm	) tra	of Archives and History Delate	rh					
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10	GEOGRAPHICAL DATA	<del>                                    </del>	LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATE						
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	LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVER	LAP	PING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES						
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3.2	FORM PREPARED BY THE	٠,							
	NAME AND TITLE:	<u> ( W. 1)</u>	<u></u>						
	Survey and Planning Unit Staff								
	ORGANIZATION		DATE	•					
	State Department of Archives and Histo	orv	17 February	7 1972					
	STREET AND NUMBER:		1 11 1 00+ 00+						
	109 East Jones Street								
	CITY OR TOWN:	ST	ATE	CODE					
	Raleigh	1	37						
Raleigh   North Carolina   12. STATE LIAISON OFFICER CERTIFICATION   NATIONAL REGISTER VERIFICATION									
	As the designated State Liaison Officer for the Na-								
tional Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law  I hereby certify that this property is included in the									
	89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion	National Register.							
	in the National Register and certify that it has been		.7. 01 4						
	evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set	Koken Tim (1+1)							
	forth by the National Park Service. The recommended	Chief, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation							
	level of significance of this nomination is:		Cinet, Office of Archeology and thistoric Freservation						
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	H. G. Jones	-	ATTEST:	j					
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